

Why Turkey?

Make the switch to turkey for special occasions or every day. Delectable and versatile, this power protein can easily replace other meats in your favourite recipes.

Turkey is:

Lean. Both light meat and dark meat are lean choices. Turkey breast is actually extra-lean, with 3 grams of fat per 100-gram serving. Dark meat is lean, with just 8 grams of fat per the same size serving.

Packed with protein. Each 100-gram serving has about 30 grams of high quality protein to help you feel energized and satisfied and to help keep your muscles healthy and happy.

A Nutritional Powerhouse. Turkey has a whole lot of health-boosting nutrients per calorie, such as iron (to deliver oxygen through your body), zinc (for a healthy immune system) and selenium (an antioxidant mineral). Dark meat is especially rich in these nutrients.

Bursting with Vitamin B12. Turkey is an excellent source of vitamin B12. This vitamin, is important for keeping your nervous system – the body's electrical wiring – working well.

Chockfull of Niacin. You need niacin every day to help convert the food you eat into usable energy for your body. Turkey is an excellent source of niacin.

Naturally low in sodium. And since turkey is so flavourful, you won't need to soak it in salty marinades like some other holiday meats.

A lighter choice. Turkey is lower in fat and calories compared to some other holiday meats, such as prime rib, glazed holiday ham, or a pork shoulder.



Find out more at <u>canadianturkey.ca/nutrition.</u>

How to Buy Your Turkey

What size do I need?

Is it your turn to host the family gathering? The most common sizes of whole turkeys you will find at a store will range between 10 lb to 25 lb. Use our Whole Bird Calculator to estimate how large a turkey you will need, how long it may take to thaw, and how much time it will take to cook.

Tip:

If you need a smaller turkey be sure to ask the meat manager at your grocery store or your butcher.

For more information on how to select your whole turkey, watch our



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How and When to Thaw

The safest way to thaw frozen turkey is either in the refrigerator or in cold water.

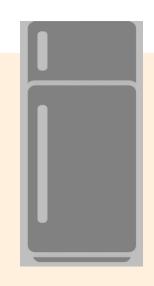
Never thaw your turkey at room temperature!

Some products are meant to be cooked from frozen; always read the product label carefully.
 For more information, watch our Turkey 101
 How to Thaw Video.

REFRIGERATOR METHOD:

This method of thawing a turkey is the safest, as it keeps the meat cold until it is completely defrosted.

- Place turkey on a tray on a bottom shelf in the refrigerator.
- Allow 5 hours of thawing time per pound (10 hours/kg).



COLD WATER METHOD:

- Keep the turkey in its original wrapping.
- In a large container, cover the turkey completely with cold water.
- Change the water at least every hour.
- Allow 1 hour of thawing time per pound (2 hours/ kg).

Once thawed, keep your turkey refrigerated and cook within 48 hours.



How to Brine

Brining adds flavour and moisture to your turkey meat. The brining process – soaking a whole bird in water saturated with salt – is believed by many to be a favourable way to prepare turkey. The brining process requires a 6-24 hour soaking period, and ideally should be done the day before roasting. The length of the soaking period will depend on the turkey, water and your own personal experience and tastes, so experiment a few times to see what works best for you.

You will need a brining bag, available in many kitchen supply stores, which is designed especially to brine poultry. Or, if not available, you will need a large enough container (food-safe plastic container or non-corrosive covered pot) to hold the turkey while submerged in brine. There needs to be sufficient room to fit it in your refrigerator.

Remember, the addition of the salt in the brining procedure will yield a salty flavour to the turkey, so it is wise to omit salt as an ingredient in the turkey stock.

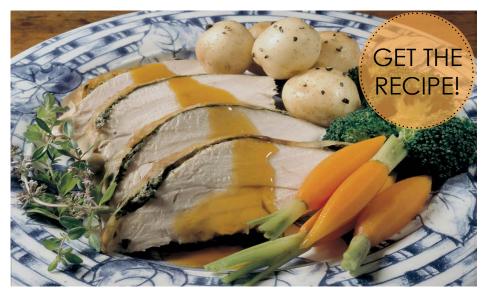




Celebrating Easter!

Elegant & Easy
Easter Roast
Turkey





Garlic Herb Roasted Turkey





Lightly Spiced Indian-Style Turkey Stuffing

Recipe and photo by Michelle Peters-Jones
The Tiffin Box (www.thetiffinbox.ca)
www.canadianturkey.ca

Tip:

To easily remove stuffing from the cavity; line the cavity of the prepared turkey with cheesecloth, leaving excess at the opening. Stuff the turkey as usual and simply pull the cheesecloth out after roasting to serve the stuffing.



Canadian Turkey recommends cooking a whole turkey to an internal temperature of 170°F (77°C) in the breast and 180°F (82°C) in the thigh.

When roasting, any stuffing placed in the cavity of the bird should reach an internal temperature of at least 165°F (74°C).

Let the bird stand for at least 20 minutes before carving.

For more information on how to roast your turkey, watch our <u>Turkey 101 Roasting Video</u>.

If a whole turkey is too much, try roasting a turkey breast or turkey thighs. Go to canadianturkey.ca for some great ideas.

APPROXIMATE TIMETABLE FOR ROASTING A TURKEY AT 350°F (175°C) OR BARBEQUING AT MEDIUM HEAT

	Roasting Times		Barbeque Times Medium Heat
Weight	Stuffed	Unstuffed	Unstuffed
6 – 8 lbs (3.0 – 3.5 kg)	3 – 3 ¼ hours	2 ½ – 2 ¾ hours	1 – 1 ¾ hours
8 – 10 lbs (3.5 – 4.5 kg)	3 ¼ – 3 ½ hours	2 ³ ⁄ ₄ – 3 hours	1 ¼ – 2 hours
10 – 12 lbs (4.5 – 5.5 kg)	3 ½ – 3 ¾ hours	3 – 3 ¼ hours	1 ½ – 2 ¼ hours
12 – 16 lbs (5.5 – 7.0 kg)	3 ¾ – 4 hours	3 ¼ – 3 ½ hours	2 – 2 ¾ hours
16 – 20 lbs (7.0 – 9.0 kg)	4 1/4 – 4 3/4 hours	3 ¾ – 4 ½ hours	2 ½ - 3 ¼ hours
20 – 24 lbs (9.0 – 10.9 kg)	4 ¾ – 5 ½ hours	4 – 5 hours	3 ¾ – 4 ½ hours

Cooking times may vary depending on: the temperature of the bird going into the oven, the accuracy of the oven's thermostat, how many times the oven door is opened during roasting, the type and size of the roasting pan used, and the size of the turkey in relation to the size of the oven.

Making Gravy & Carving Your Turkey

Visit www.canadianturkey.ca for our Step-by-Step Carving Guideline and handy Turkey 101 How to Carve Video.

Great Gravy!

1/4 cup (50 mL) turkey drippings 1/4 cup (50 mL) all-purpose flour 2 cups (500 mL) liquid (reserved drippings with vegetable and/or poultry broth)

- When the turkey is done, pour drippings into a bowl, leaving all brown particles in the pan. Let fat rise to the top and skim off. Set drippings to the side.
- 2. Measure the drippings back into roasting pan and place over low heat. Blend in 1/4 cup (50 mL) flour and cook until slightly brown and bubbly.
- 3. Stir in 2 cups (500 mL) liquid (a combination of reserved drippings, vegetable and/or poultry broth, or water if additional liquid is needed) until smooth.

Note: Use turkey gravy within two days.

- 4. Scrape brown particles from bottom of pan, and cook, stirring until mixture is thick. Season to taste with salt and pepper.
- 5. Be sure to bring the gravy to a boil before serving. Serve hot. Refrigerate or freeze leftoyers.





Tip:

Replace flour with rice flour or cornstarch for a gluten-free option.

Leftovers

There are so many ways to use your turkey leftovers. Check out our 50+ leftover recipes at canadianturkey.ca/recipe-category/leftovers.













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